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Totnes Rural District Council



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Health of the District

for the Year 1970

PRESENTED BY

The Medical Officer of Health

and

The Chief Public Health Inspector

R

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TOTNES RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

REPORT ON THE HEALTH OF THE DISTRICT

FOR THE YEAR 1970

To the Chairman and Members of the Public Health Committee:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

This report is drawn up in accordance with the requirements of the Ministry of Health Circular 1/71, dated January, 1971. Included is the report of your Chief Public Health Inspector.

STATISTICS

The Registrar General estimated the population had increased by 30 persons to a total of 13,990 persons. There were 142 births giving a Standardised Rate of 12.8 per thousand population as against the National Average of 16.0. There were 234 deaths, giving a Standard Rate of 8.5 per thousand population as against the National Average of 11.7. Two infants died as a result of either a birth injury or difficult labour, giving a rate of 14.0 per 1,000 live births which is less than the National Average of 18.0.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Very few notifications were received. Most of the cases of measles occurred in a part of the District where the local Doctor had not carried out a large number of immunisations against measles. An isolated case of dysentery in a hospital nurse was imported from Spain.

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

Non-events or near misses in Public Health Preventive Medicine seldom reach the headlines, but nevertheless cause a great deal of activity behind the scenes. I suppose this is one of the characteristics of preventive medicine. Unlike the work of the Council's Engineer and Surveyor, which can be seen to be taking place in the District, the work of the Public Health Department is mostly unseen and many may not realise it is going on. This is as it should be because the occurrence of an outbreak of illness, for example, may indicate a breakdown in preventive measures. The aim of the Public Health Service is to improve and maintain health in the Community, so if the service is functioning correctly nothing happens except maintenance of or improvement in health.

Who can tell how many illness outbreaks are prevented by the constant inspection and re-inspection of food and meat premises and advice offered to retailers, or of the surveillance and follow up of contacts of infectious illness? Then there is the sampling of milk supplies.

Environmental Health Continued.

Diseases like Brucellosis and Salmonellosis are constantly looked for and, if detected, preventive action is immediately taken to protect the public. Inspection of dwelling houses, with the consequent improvement of sub-standard properties where possible, or their occasional demolition, plays a great part in the improvement of the environment. The proper maintenance of refuse disposal facilities and of sewage treatment works does much to reduce pollution of the environment.

All these functions, and more besides, are often taken for granted, and as I have already said it is only when something goes wrong that the importance of the Public Health Department comes to notice.

A great deal of uncertainty about the future exists in the Public Health Service as a result of the proposed Local Government re-organisation, but I am confident that the importance of these public health preventive measures will not be overlooked, and that there will still be a need for Public Health Inspectors and Medical Officers, specialising in Environmental Health, to be deployed in the Field.

Infections Common to Farm Animals and Man.

Amongst the four Rural Districts of South West Devon (Kingsbridge, Plympton, Tavistock and Totnes) and at Salcombe Urban District, a total of 100 outbreaks of Salmonella infection and 10 outbreaks of Brucellosis were reported in 1970.

	<u>Salmonellosis</u>	<u>Brucellosis</u>	<u>Other</u>
Kingsbridge Rural District.	32	2	0
Plympton Rural District.	22	1	0
Tavistock Rural District.	23	1	0
Totnes Rural District.	22	6	0
Salcombe Urban District.	<u>1</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total:	<u>100</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>0</u>

96 of the Salmonella outbreaks were due to Salmonella dublin which is particularly virulent amongst cattle causing death in some instances. One outbreak in the Tavistock Rural District resulted in raw milk from the farm becoming infected. The farmer retailed farm bottled T.T. milk and six of his customers who had drunk the infected raw milk became infected with Salmonella dublin food poisoning. "People who drink raw milk dice with danger" and had this milk been pasteurised or even scalded before being drunk, none of this illness would have occurred. In addition, the farmer and his cowman were also infected with Salmonella

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Infections Common to Farm Animals and Man Continued.

dublin but it is not possible to decide whether their infection resulted from direct contact with infected animals or from drinking infected raw milk. At a farm in the Kingsbridge Rural District the farmer's daughter became infected with Salmonella dublin following similar infection in a cow. There were three outbreaks of Salmonella typhimurium infection, two in cattle and one amongst a brood of ducks. NO human illness resulted although this particular infection can be very pathogenic to man.

One outbreak of Salmonella infantis was reported at a farm in the Totnes Rural District. This germ is also pathogenic to man and although a total of 30 farm workers and their families regularly consumed raw milk from the farm, no human illness was detected on test, and the raw milk was clear of infection.

Ten outbreaks of BRUCELLOSIS were reported on farms. In all cases, milk from the farms was sent away for pasteurisation before sale, and in all but one farm the farmer and his staff either drank pasteurised milk or scalded the raw milk before it was drunk. The exception was at one farm in the Totnes Rural District where the farmer preferred to drink raw milk from those cows in his herd which he believed to be clear of infection with Brucellosis!

KIDNEY MACHINES.

I have been notified of two persons in the Rural District who are receiving renal dialysis at home. Both are in private households and your Council was not involved in adaption of the premises for this purpose.

I wish to ~~thank~~ the Councillors for their support during the year and also thank my colleagues on the staff for their co-operation.

August, 1971.

JOHN WILDMAN,

Medical Officer of Health.

PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE 1970

CHAIRMAN: Councillor Major General V. D. G. Campbell,
C.B., D.S.O., O.B.E., J.P., D.L.

VICE CHAIRMAN: Councillor R. C. W. Coates.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL: Councillor J. H. Cornish-Bowden.

together with all members of the Council.

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

John Wildman, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

PART-TIME DEPUTY MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

Mary E. Budding, M.B., B.Ch., B.Sc., D.P.H.

CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

F. B. Elliott, M.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.,
Public Health Department,
Follaton House,
Plymouth Road, Totnes, Devon.
TQ9 5NE.

Telephone: Totnes 3700.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR.

E. P. G. Bennett, A.R.S.H., M.A.P.H.I.,
Public Health Department,
Follaton House,
Plymouth Road, Totnes, Devon.
TQ9 5NE.

Telephone: Totnes 3700.

CLERK/TYPIST, PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Mrs. P. A. Harrower.

M.O.H. CENTRAL OFFICE.

Area No. 5 - South West Devon,
Public Health Department,
Council Offices,
8 Plymbridge Road,
Plympton,
Plymouth, Devon. PL7 4LG.

Telephone: Plymouth 36644.

M.O.H. CLERK.

Miss G. Prowse.

SECTION A

VITAL STATISTICS AND GENERAL STATISTICS 1970

Table 1

(Figures for 1969 are shown in brackets)

POPULATION

The esimated mid-year population of Totnes Rural District is 13,990 (13,960).

Natural increase or decrease	- 92 (-81)
Migration in or out	+122 (+191)
Total Increase or Decrease	+ 30 (+110)

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area of Totnes Rural District in Acres.

82,496

Number of Inhabited Houses according to Rate Books (1st April).

5,317 (5,224)

Number of houses per acre	..	..	..	..	0.064	(0.063)
Number of persons per acre	..	..	..	..	0.169	(0.169)
Number of persons per house	..	..	..	..	2.631	(2.673)

Rateable Value of District (1st April).

£ 458,389 (£ 449,432)

Sum represented by a penny rate (1st April).

£ 1,776 (£ 1,727)

VITAL STATISTICS AND GENERAL STATISTICS 1970

Table 2

(Figures for 1969 are shown in brackets)

B I R T H S

Standardised Live Birth Rate per 1,000 population .. 12.8 (16.3)
 Area Comparability factor for births 1.25 (1.00)

<u>Number of Live Births</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total	70	72	142
Legitimate	68	66	134
Illegitimate	2	6	8
Number of Still Births	0	0	0

D E A T H S

Standardised Death Rate per 1,000 population 8.5 (9.4)
 Area comparability factor for deaths 0.51 (0.50)

<u>Number of Deaths</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
All ages - total	124	110	234
<u>Death of Infants under 1 year</u>	1	1	2
Number under 4 weeks of age	1	1	2
Number under 1 week of age	1	1	2

Infantile mortality rate per 1,000 live births 14.0 (0.0)

COMPARISON WITH RATES FOR ENGLAND AND WALES

Birth rate 16.0 (16.3) Death rate 11.7 (11.9)
 Infantile mortality rate .. 18.0 (18.0) (Infants under 1 year of age).

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING 1970

CAUSE		MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
B19(1)	Malignant Neoplasm, Buccal Cavity, etc.	1	0	1
B19(3)	Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach.	4	1	5
B19(4)	Malignant Neoplasm, Intestine.	2	2	4
B19(6)	Malignant Neoplasm, Lung Bronchus.	7	2	9
B19(7)	Malignant Neoplasm, Breast.	0	2	2
B19(9)	Malignant Neoplasm, Prostate.	1	-	1
B19(10)	Leukaemia.	0	1	1
B19(11)	Other Malignant Neoplasms.	10	5	15
B46(3)	Mental Disorders.	0	1	1
B46(5)	Other diseases of nervous system.	1	0	1
B26	Chronic rheumatic heart disease.	1	1	2
B27	Hypertensive Disease	3	1	4
B28	Ischaemic Heart Disease	34	17	51
B29	Other forms of heart disease.	7	9	16
B30	Cerebrovascular disease.	19	26	45
B46(6)	Other diseases of circulatory system.	4	8	12
B31	Influenza.	2	2	4
B32	Pneumonia.	7	22	29
B33(1)	Bronchitis and Emphysema.	10	0	10
B33(2)	Asthma.	0	1	1
B46(7)	Other diseases of respiratory system.	1	0	1
B36	Intestinal obstruction and hernia.	2	0	2
B46(8)	Other diseases of digestive system.	1	2	3
B43	Birth injury, difficult labour, etc.	1	1	2
B45	Symptoms and ill defined conditions.	2	4	6
B47	Motor Vehicle Accidents	1	1	2
BE48	All other accidents.	2	0	2
BE49	Suicide and self-inflicted injuries.	0	1	1
BE50	All other external causes.	1	0	1
TOTAL ALL CAUSES		124	110	234

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES

1. Hospitals.

The Rural District is served by hospitals in Totnes, Dartmouth, Brixham, Paignton, Newton Abbot, Ashburton, Torquay and Bittaford.

2. Laboratory Facilities.

Laboratory facilities are provided by the Public Health Laboratory services at Exeter and Plymouth. The chemical analysis of water is undertaken by Public Analysts at Exeter.

3. Mass Miniature Radiography.

The Unit visited main towns in the area once a fortnight throughout the year and all persons living in the rural parishes were easily able to obtain chest X-rays.

4. County Health Services.

Under the National Health Services Act, 1946, the County Council provides the following services:

Domiciliary midwives, home nurses, health visitors, supervisory care of expectant and nursing mothers and children under five, ambulance services, vaccination and immunisation procedures.

Nine District nurse/midwives work in the district together with four health visitors and a nursing assistant. Child welfare clinics are held at regular intervals at South Brent, Stoke Gabriel and Kingswear.

A chiropody service has now been introduced for the handicapped, the aged and expectant mothers. Chiropody clinics are held in Stoke Gabriel, Buckfastleigh, Totnes and South Brent.

5. Social Services.

The Area Director of Social Services at The Family Welfare Centre, Pomeroy House, Bridgetown, Totnes, Telephone Totnes 3665, is responsible for providing a Social Work Service under the Children's Acts, The Mental Health Act, 1959, and the National Assistance Act, to the elderly, the mentally ill, the physically handicapped and homeless persons and families. The Social Services Department also administers the Home Help Service, the Social Work Service to schools, the Occupational Therapy Services and residential homes and centres.

General Provisions of Health Services Continued.

6. Family Planning Service.

A clinic is held at the Central Clinic, Midvale Road, Paignton every first and third Monday of the month, 6.00 to 7.30 p.m., every 2nd and 4th Monday, 2.00 to 3.30 p.m. A clinic is also held at the Adult Education Centre, Dartington, on the 3rd Tuesday afternoon of alternate months beginning in January of each year.

SECTION C

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES

TABLE 1

	TOTAL	AGE GROUP IN YEARS					
		Under 1	1-	5-	15-	25-	Over 65
Measles	91	5	26	57	1	2	0
Dysentery	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Tuberculosis (Lungs)	4	0	0	0	1	1	2

TABLE 2

	TOTAL	INCIDENCE BY QUARTERS			
		1st	2nd	3rd	4th
Measles	91	0	2	43	46
Dysentery	1	0	0	1	0
Scarlet Fever	1	0	0	0	1
Tuberculosis (Lungs)	4	1	0	2	1

INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATES OF VACCINATION.

In accordance with the requirements of the World Health Regulations, 61 certificates of Smallpox or Cholera vaccinations in respect of persons travelling abroad were authenticated by the Public Health Department.

DYSENTERY.

In August, one case of SHIGELLA Flexner Dysentery occurred in a hospital nurse who had been on holiday in Spain, near Seville. She became ill whilst abroad and received treatment but the symptoms returned because she did not complete her first course of treatment. She travelled in company with her infant son and four persons from a family resident at Swindon. Tests on all the contacts who were not ill were negative.

The nurse was excluded from duty and the hospital authorities were alerted and took extra precautions. NO cases arose at the hospital. The nurse returned to duty in September after laboratory tests had proved she was clear of infection.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948.

Section 47.

No action was necessary for the compulsory removal of persons in need of care and attention.

Section 50.

One burial, of a gentleman who had lived in a caravan, took place during January, 1970.

SECTION D

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

1. WATER

Most properties in the Rural District receive a water supply from the South West Devon Water Board mains.

DWELLINGS SUPPLIED FROM PUBLIC WATER MAINS

Parish	1970 Est. pop.	No. dwellings with piped water supply (direct)	No. dwellings relying on standpipes
Ashprington	333	114	-
Berry Pomeroy	396	120	-
Buckfastleigh West	260	39	-
Cornworthy	293	85	-
Dartington	1,248	317	-
Dean Prior	259	91	-
Diptford	289	54	-
Dittisham	420	171	-
Halwell	193	41	3
Harberton			
Harberton Ward)			
Harbertonford Ward)	830	264	1
Holne	240	59	-
Kingswear	1,213	526	-
Littlehempston	172	33	-
Marldon	1,685	650	-
Morleigh	108	21	-
North Huish	289	69	-
Rattery	325	52	-
South Brent	1,765	542	-
Staverton	470	101	-
Stoke Gabriel	1,103	464	-
Ugborough	2,099	331	1

Samples were frequently taken during the year and unsatisfactory sources were re-sampled. Mains water was suggested in several instances.

1. WATER Continued.

Small Rural Water Schemes.

As a result of co-operation with the South West Devon Water Board, progress on the following schemes is as follows:

Palace Cottages, Filham, Ivybridge - completed.

Curtisknowle, Diptford, - awaiting financial approval from the Department of the Environment and rural grant approval.

Galampton Kiln, Kingswear - awaiting financial approval from the Department of the Environment and rural grant approval.

Hunters Moon, Galampton - awaiting permission to connect to private main.

Higher Venice, Allaleigh, Cornworthy - all approvals have been received, awaiting applicant's instructions.

2. REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

The weekly refuse collection was maintained throughout the year with the minimum of overtime in spite of repeated breakdowns of the vehicles. A new vehicle was operating in the year 1970 and another vehicle was put on order.

3. SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

Compton and Marlton Main Drainage - The enlarged Disposal Works were brought into operation.

Bittaford - Remedial works, pending modernisation were carried out at these works.

Ashprington and Tuckenhay - The preparation of a scheme for the enlargement of the works at Ashprington and the sewerage of Tuckenhay reached an advanced stage of preparation.

Aish, South Brent - The scheme prepared to extend the sewer to serve additional properties not having main drainage facilities was carried out.

Mill Creek, Dittisham - A scheme which will replace the discharge of sewage from the existing outfall into Mill Creek is being prepared with a view to being carried out next year.

South Brent, Avonwick, Aish - Preparation commenced on a major comprehensive sewerage and sewage disposal scheme which is expected to be ready to tender late next year.

4. PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

Action here is designed to be mainly preventative as opposed to curative. This is effected in large measure by routine visits to refuse tips, sewage works and other vulnerable premises and the annual treatment of sewers.

During the year, 121 private dwelling premises were treated by Rentokil Ltd., against rats and mice arising from notifications of infestation.

182 adjoining properties to those reporting infestation were also inspected and treatment carried out where found necessary.

The three tips were also inspected by Rentokil monthly and treated accordingly. No major infestations developed during the year.

The 28 sites of Sewage works or septic systems were inspected by Rentokil and treated quarterly. Occasional infestations were very light.

In accordance with the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food specifications, 10% of Sewer Entries were test baited against rats in the Spring and a maintenance treatment carried out in the Autumn.

19 notified Wasp Nests were also treated by Rentokil Limited.

5. VISITS OF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTORS DURING 1970.

Animal Boarding Establishments	10	Welfare	4
Petroleum	11	Water Supply	58
Refuse	207	Offices, Shops	
Drainage	143	& Railways.	18
Caravans	101	Scrap Metal	2
Slaughterhouses	38	Clean Air	1
Housing Grant Aid	450	Village Halls	7
Meat Inspections	199	Food Hygiene	26
Housing Inspections	107	Rodent Control	7
Building Inspections	243	Infectious Diseases	
Civic Amenities	8		17
Housing Re-Inspection	53	Pests	31
Abandoned Vehicles	8	Surface Water	3
Nuisances	115	Pollution	21
		Factories Act	12

Total: 1,900

6. CARAVANS.

<u>Address of Site</u>	<u>Type of Licence</u>	<u>No. of 'Vans.</u>
Bathill Camp, Greenway Road, Galmpton.	Seasonal.	56
Blue Post Filling Station, Harberton.	Tourist/Transit.	12
Littlecombe, Holne.	Residential.	1
Widdecombe Farm, Compton, Marldon.	Residential.	1
Smokey House Inn, Marldon.	Residential.	5
Webland Farm, Avonwick, South Brent.	(Seasonal.	46
	(Residential.	4
Bittaford Wood, Ugborough.	Residential.	43
The Glen, Ludbrook, Ugborough.	Seasonal.	1
Folly Cross, Wrangaton, Ugborough.	Touring.	15
Marsh Park, Wrangaton, Ugborough.	Residential.	2
Edeswell Farm, Rattery.	Holiday.	27
Higher Well Farm, Stoke Gabriel.	Seasonal.	15
White Oaks Poultry Farm, Filham, Ugborough.	Seasonal.	4

Summary

Number of residential caravans - 56
 Number of holiday caravans - 27
 Number of seasonal caravans - 122
 Number of tourist caravans - 27

7. OFFICE, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES FOR THE YEAR, 1970.

Newly registered - 1 office.

Total number - 26 offices.

23 retail shops.

2 wholesale shops and warehouses.

10 catering establishments open to public and
— canteens.

61

Number of premises receiving more than one inspection:

26 offices.

23 retail shops.

1 wholesale shop, warehouse.

10 catering establishments open to the public
and canteens.

Number of visits (including general inspections) - 60.

7. Office, Shops and Railway Premises for the Year, 1970, Continued.

Number of persons employed:

- 179 in offices.
- 80 in retail shops.
- 10 in wholesale departments and warehouses.
- 56 in catering establishments.
- 4 in canteens.

115 males and 214 females, total of 329 persons employed.

SECTION E
INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD

1. Food Hygiene (General) Regulations 1960.

Type of Shop.	Total No.	No. fitted to comply with Reg. 16 (hand wash- ing facili- ties).	No. of premises to which Reg. 19 applied. (Separate sinks).	No. of premises fitted to comply with Reg. 19.
Grocery and general provisions.	46	40	23	20
Bakehouses.	Nil	-	-	-
Bread and confectionary.	14	10	1	1
Butchers.	6	6	3	3
Slaughterhouses.	2	2	0	1
Fish.	1	1	1	1
Licensed Houses, Hotels and Inns.	29	26	29	27
Cafes.	7	7	5	4
Schools and works canteens.	1	1	1	1
Totals:	106	93	63	58

2. Meat condemned in slaughterhouses at South Brent and Ugborough.

Beef:	315 lb.
Mutton and Lamb:	200 lb.
Pork:	44 lb.
	<hr/> 559 lb.

3. Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part.

	Beasts including cows	Calves	Sheep and lambs	Pigs
Number killed and inspected.	171	2	1,088	.435
All diseases except TB and Cysticercosis - whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	2	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	30	-	44	14
% of number inspected affected with disease.	17.5	-	4.2	3.2
<u>Tuberculosis only.</u>				
Whole carcasses condemned.	-	-	-	-
Carcases from which some part or organ was condemned.	-	-	-	2
% of number inspected affected with TB.	-	-	-	.45
<u>Cysticercosis.</u>				
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned.	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration.	-	-	-	-
Generalised + totally condemned.	-	-	-	-

SECTION F

HOUSING

1. Unfit Houses.

6 Notices of Time and Place were served.

5.6.7.8. Wellington Square, South Brent - Pending.

Fowlescombe Lodge, Ugborough - Demolition Order Pending.

Rose Cottage, Capton - Undertaking given.

2. Improvement Grants.

Discretionary Grants.

(a) Grants paid during the year.	42
(b) Total Amount.	£ 12,230 15s. 2d.
(c) Properties approved for grant.	68
(d) Total maximum grant.	£ 23,271 15s. 4d.

Standard Grants.

(a) Grants paid during the year.	27
(b) Total Amount.	£ 5,408 16s. 4d.
(c) Properties approved for grant.	21
(d) Total maximum grant.	£ 4,329 2s. 0d.

In connection with improvement grants, the Council decided not to spend more than a fixed amount in each year,

The Council also decided to limit the amount of grant in any case to 50% of the first £500 of approved expenditure and to 25% of the subsequent approved expenditure up to £2,000:

Amount of Approved Expenditure	50% on first £500	25% of subsequent Approved Expenditure	Total Amount of Grant
£	£	£	£
250	125	-	125
500	250	-	250
1,000	250	125	375
1,500	250	250	500
2,000	250	375	625

SECTION G

Village Hall Inspections.

A series of inspections of all the halls has been made, in company with the Fire Officer and where necessary, recommendations as to the works required have been made. By and large, the condition of the halls can be accepted as satisfactory, except in one case.

APPENDIX A

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

IN RESPECT OF THE YEAR 1970 FOR THE

RURAL DISTRICT OF TOTNES IN

THE COUNTY OF DEVON

Prescribed particulars on the administration of
the Factories Act, 1961.

Part I of the Act

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health.

(i) Factories without Mechanical Power.

(Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6).

Number on Register	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Inspections	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Written Notices	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0
Occupiers prosecuted	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0

(ii) Factories with Mechanical Power.

(Section 7).

Number on Register	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	46
Inspections	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9
Written Notices	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0
Occupiers prosecuted	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0

(iii) Other Premises under the Act

(Section 7)

(Electric Stations, Institutions, Sites of Building Operations,
Works of Engineering Construction but excluding Outworkers'
Premises).

Number on Register	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Inspections	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Written Notices	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0
Occupiers prosecuted	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0

2. Cases in which defects were found.

Particulars (1)	Found (2)	Number of cases in which defects were found			Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
		Remedied (3)	Referred		
			To H.M. (4)	By H.M. (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1).	2	2	-	1	-
Overcrowding. (S.2).	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temp- erature. (S.3).	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation. (S.4.)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage on floors. (S.6).	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences. (S.7).					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective.	3	3	-	1	-
(c) Not separate for sexes.	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act. (not including offences relating to outwork).	-	-	-	1	-
TOTALS	5	5	-	3	-

PART 8 - OUTWORK

SECTIONS 133 and 134

During 1970 there were two outworkers in the District.

SECTION 133

Nature of work	No. of outworkers in August list	No. of cases of defaults in send- ing lists to Council.	No. of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists.
Making wearing apparel.	2	Nil	Nil

SECTION 134

No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Notices served.	Prosecutions
Nil	Nil	Nil

